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## Exam : SU0-221-ENU

# Title: HCDP-IERN(Implementing<br/>Enterprise Routing Network)

### Version : DEMO

Which Support CIDR routing protocol ( )?
A.RIPv1
B.OSPF
C.ISIS
D.BGP4
Answer: BCD
2. NE20E forwarding performance and bus bandwidth is ( ).

A.4.5Mpps, 8Gbps B.4.5Mpps, 40Gbps C.6Mpps, 40Gbps D.6Mpps, 40Gbps

Answer: C

3. Huawei router Qos physical port queue of technical support, ( ) scheduling technology is often used to the circulation of EF.

A.LLQ B.PQ C.WFQ D.GQ Answer: B

4. Judge: By default, OSPF port costs related to the bandwidth of the port, calculation formula is: bandwidth - reference/bandwidth.

A.True

B.False

Answer: A

5. Which of the following description is not correct about OSPF message? ()

A.The election of big router Priority Priority is higher

B.Router Priority as large , Router ID greater electoral priority higher

C.If the current DR fault ,the current BDR automatically become the new DR, in the network to elect BDR again

D.If the current BDR fault, DR unchanged, waiting for the BDR fault recovery, not elect BDR again **Answer: D** 

6. OSPF neighbor cannot be established, the display OSPF error given the following information, the reason may be ().

[RTB]display ospf error

OSPF Process 1 with Router ID 2.2.2.2

OSPF error statistics:

General packet errors:

- 0 : IP: received my own packet 0 : Bad packet
- 0 : Bad version 0 : Bad checksum

| 7  | : Bad area id                 | 0 | : Drop on unnumbered interface        |
|--|-------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| 0  | : Bad virtual link            | 0 | : Bad authentication type             |
| 0  | : Bad authentication key      | 0 | : Packet too small                    |
| 0  | : Packet size > ip length     | 0 | : Transmit error                      |
| 0  | : Interface down              | 0 | : Unknown neighbor                    |
|  |                               |   |                                       |
| HELLO packet errors:   |                               |   |                                       |
| 0  | : Netmask mismatch            | 0 | : Hello timer mismatch                |
| 0  | : Dead timer mismatch         | 0 | : Extern option mismatch              |
| 9  | : Router id confusion         | 0 | : Virtual neighbor unknown            |
| 0  | : NBMA neighbor unknown       |   | U U                                   |
|  | C C                           |   |                                       |
| DD packet errors:  |                               |   |                                       |
| 0  | : Neighbor state low          | 0 | : Router id confusion                 |
| 0  | : Extern option mismatch      | 0 | : Unknown LSA type                    |
| 0  | : MTU option mismatch         |   | 21                                    |
| LS ACK packet errors:  |                               |   |                                       |
| 0  | : Neighbor state low          | 0 | : Bad ack                             |
| 0  | : Duplicate ack               | 0 | : Unknown LSA type                    |
| LS REQ packet errors:  |                               |   |                                       |
| 0  | : Neighbor state low          | 0 | : Empty request                       |
| 0  | : Bad request                 | - |                                       |
| •  |                               |   |                                       |
| LS U   | PD packet errors:             |   |                                       |
| 0  | : Neighbor state low          | 0 | : Newer self-generate LSA             |
| 0  | : LSA checksum bad            | 0 | : Received less recent LSA            |
| 0  | : Unknown LSA type            | - |                                       |
| Ū  |                               |   |                                       |
| Opaque errors:   |                               |   |                                       |
| 0  | : 9-out of flooding scope     | 0 | : 10-out of flooding scope            |
| 0  | : 11-out of flooding scope    | C | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| Ũ  |                               |   |                                       |
| Retransmission for packet over Limitation errors:                    |                               |   |                                       |
| 0  | : Number for DD Packet        | 0 | : Number for Update Packet            |
| 0  | : Number for Request Packet   | Ũ |                                       |
| -  | ive Grace LSA errors:         |   |                                       |
| 0  | : Number of invalid LSAs      | 0 | : Number of policy failed LSAs        |
| 0  | : Number of wrong period LSAs |   |                                       |
| 0  | . Number of wong period LOAS  |   |                                       |
| Configuration errors:  |                               |   |                                       |
| 0 : Tunnel cost mistake  |                               |   |                                       |
| 0 : The network type of the neighboring interface is not consistent. |                               |   |                                       |
| A.Router ID conflict   |                               |   |                                       |
| B.Area ID does not match   |                               |   |                                       |
| ט. הובמ וש מטפט ווטג ווומנטוו  |                               |   |                                       |

C.netmask inconsistent

D.Authentication type inconsistent

Answer: A

7. Which description is wrong about OSPF protocol ?( )

A. the first kind of exterior routing overhead value is AS internal overhead (router to ASBR overhead) and AS the sum of external costs

B. the second kind of exterior routing overhead value is just the AS external overhead costs

C. exterior routing overhead value is the sum of the AS exterior routing overhead and equipment to the routing overhead of ASBR

D.Forwarding Address is set to non-zero necessary condition is introduced to the outside of OSPF routing next jump in OSPF routing domain

Answer: C

8. The pre-condition of IS-IS protocol in the interface is that the interface has been configured with the IP address.

A.True

B.False

#### Answer: B

9. Which description is incorrect about ISIS PSNP message ?()

- A. PSNP messages on P2P links can make the request and response messages
- P. PSNP message on broadcast networks can be a request message
- C. IS router does not receive a response in the P2P link , the IS will repeatedly send PSNP message
- D. PSNP message can carry authentication TLV

Answer: C

10. Which of the following description is wrong about the similarity of OSPF and IS-IS protocols?

- A. IGP are widely used, all link-state protocol
- B. all support IP environment
- C. all use the layered design and regional design
- D. interfaces are based on regionalism

#### Answer: D

11. The serial number of the LSP will increase by 1, when the sequence number value maximum, Which of the description below is not correct ?()

A. The LSP immediately removed from the LSDB, ISIS process is working properly

- B. the ISIS process will fail MAXAGE time, so that the old LSP removed from all LSDB
- C. ISIS process reset, LSP serial number recovery 0 x1, increasing again

D. the ISIS process will fail MAXAGE + ZeroAgeLifetime time, so that the old LSP removed from all LSDB **Answer: ABC** 

12. BGP protocol supports a message periodically sent between BGP neighbor relationship to maintain the connection . This message is ( ) .

A.Open B.Hello C.Route-refresh D.Keepalive Answer: D

13. About BGP routing rules, which of the following statements are true ( ) .

A. First, ignore the next hop routing unreachable

B. aggregate route in preference to non-aggregated route

C. EBGP routing better than IBGP routing

D. if it meets the requirements of equivalent routing routing, shorter Cluster-List length is preferred

#### Answer: ABCD

14. The state of the BGP neighbors build has:

1.Active

2.OpenConfirm

3.Idle

4.Establish

5.OpenSent

To build a successful connection through the state machine sequence is ( ) .

A.3-5-2-1-4

B.3-1-5-2-4

C.1-3-5-2-4

D.3-1-2-5-4

Answer: B

15. About BGP build process, which of the following description is correct ().

A.BGP neighbor build may exist in the process of the two TCP connections

B.If BGP neighbor established two TCP connections, a connect as the main, another as a backup

C.If BGP neighbor established two TCP connections, will be closed by one of the principles of conflict management

D.BGP TCP principles of conflict is reserved BGP ID big neighbor to initiate a TCP connection **Answer:** ACD

16. Use the default route between the routers is a low-cost solution, because it needs less system resources than the full routing table .

A.True

B.False

Answer: A

17. Which of the following strategies to specify the path of the packet forwarding does not policy-based-route support ? ( ).

A. the source address

B. the port number

C. the destination address

D. message length

Answer: B

18. Which issued the default routing does OSPF support in the following? ( )

A. issued in the ABR

- B. issued on ASBR
- C. issued compulsory
- D. not issued

Answer: ABCD

19. For multicast MAC address, which of the following is true ( ).

A. High 24bit of multicast MAC address is 0x01005e, low 23bit of MAC address is a multicast IP address low 23bit

B.1 multicast MAC address corresponding to 32 IP multicast addresses

C. The role of the multicast MAC address is in the link layer identifies the recipient belongs to the same multicast group

D.1 multicast MAC address is unique to an IP multicast address

#### Answer: ABC

20. A company for some remote small site reserved segment 172.29.100.0/26, each site has 5 IP devices connected to the network, which of the following VLSM mask can provide a minimum number of hosts that needs? ( )

A./27 B./28 C./29 D./30 Answer: C